## **IOURNAL OF CLINICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS**

### LETTER TO EDITOR

ISSN: 1309-6621 (Online)

# Cardiac incidentaloma detected on abdominal contrastenhanced computed tomography

Yusaku Kajihara 1\* 🗓

<sup>1</sup> Department of Gastroenterology, Fuyoukai Murakami Hospital, Japan

Keywords: myxoma, tomography

#### Correspondence:

Yusaku Kajihara MD, FACP

Address: Department of Gastroenterology, Fuyoukai Murakami Hospital, Japan

Email: yukajihara-gi@umin.ac.jp

Dear Editor,

A 61-year-old man presented to the author's department with a 2-week history of epigastric discomfort. The patient had a medical history of schizophrenia. His abdomen was flat and soft with no tenderness, and vital signs were normal. Laboratory tests and chest radiography showed abnormalities. no Esophagogastroduodenoscopy revealed atrophic gastritis, and Helicobacter pylori infection was diagnosed by a rapid urease therefore, the patient received eradication The therapy. symptom disappeared after successful H. pylori eradication. Although electrocardiography showed normal sinus rhythm, abdominal contrast-enhanced computsed tomography (CT) incidentally revealed a 19 mm mass in the left atrium (Figure 1). Since left atrial myxoma was suspected echocardiography, the patient underwent surgery. The surgical specimens confirmed the diagnosis of cardiac myxoma.

Cardiac myxoma is the most common primary benign cardiac tumor, typically arising in the left atrium. The etiology of cardiac myxoma remains unclear, and approximately 90% of myxomas are sporadic [1]. Myxomas commonly present obstructive signs and symptoms; thus, these clinical presentation mimics that of mitral valve disease [1]. However, incidental detection of cardiac myxoma is not infrequent with the widespread and routine use of echocardiography and CT. Surgical resection is indicated regardless of tumor size and is generally curative [1].



**Figure** Abdominal contrast-enhanced 1. computed tomography incidentally revealing a 19 mm mass in the left atrium

Funding: No funding source is reported for this study.

**Declaration of interest:** No conflict of interest is declared by the author.

Data sharing statement: Data supporting the findings and conclusions are available upon request from the author.

### **REFERENCE**

1. Awtry EH, Colussi WS. Tumors and trauma of the heart. In: Longo DL, Fauci AS, Kasper DL, Hauser SL, Jameson JL, Loscalzo J, eds. Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine, 18th edn. New Yolk: McGraw-Hill, 2012:1979-80.

Received: 15.04.2022, Accepted: 23.06.2022

https://doi.org/10.29333/jcei/12791